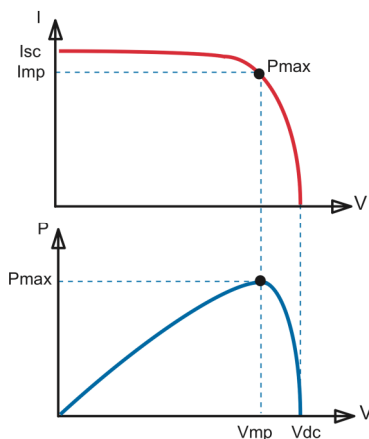


# BlueSolar charge controller MPPT 75/50 & MPPT 100/50

www.victronenergy.com



**Solar charge controller  
MPPT 75/50**



## Maximum Power Point Tracking

### Upper curve:

Output current (I) of a solar panel as function of output voltage (V).

The maximum power point (MPP) is the point Pmax along the curve where the product  $I \times V$  reaches its peak.

### Lower curve:

Output power  $P = I \times V$  as function of output voltage.

When using a PWM (not MPPT) controller the output voltage of the solar panel will be nearly equal to the voltage of the battery, and will be lower than Vmp.

## Charge current up to 50 A and PV voltage up to 75 V, respectively 100 V

The BlueSolar charge controllers will charge a lower nominal-voltage battery with a higher nominal voltage PV array.

The controllers automatically adjust to 12 V or 24 V nominal battery voltage.

## Ultra-fast Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT)

Especially in case of a cloudy sky, when light intensity is changing continuously, an ultra fast MPPT controller will improve energy harvest by up to 30% compared to PWM charge controllers and by up to 10% compared to slower MPPT controllers.

## Advanced Maximum Power Point Detection in case of partial shading conditions

If partial shading occurs, two or more maximum power points may be present on the power-voltage curve.

Conventional MPPT's tend to lock to a local MPP, which may not be the optimum MPP.

The innovative BlueSolar algorithm will always maximize energy harvest by locking to the optimum MPP.

## Outstanding conversion efficiency

No cooling fan. Maximum efficiency exceeds 98%. Full output current up to 40°C (104°F).

## Flexible charge algorithm

Fully programmable charge algorithm (see the software page on our website), and eight preprogrammed algorithms, selectable with a rotary switch (see manual for details).

## Extensive electronic protection

Over-temperature protection and power derating when temperature is high.

PV short circuit and PV reverse polarity protection.

PV reverse current protection.

## Internal temperature sensor

Compensates absorption and float charge voltages for temperature.

BlueSolar charge controller	MPPT 75/50	MPPT 100/50
Battery voltage	12/24 V Auto Select	
Rated charge current	50 A	
Maximum PV power, 12V 1a,b)	700 W (MPPT range 15 V to 70 V resp. 95 V)	
Maximum PV power, 24V 1a,b)	1400 W (MPPT range 30 V to 70 V resp. 95 V)	
Maximum PV open circuit voltage	75 V	100 V
Maximum efficiency	98 %	
Self-consumption	10 mA	
Charge voltage 'absorption'	Default setting: 14,4 V / 28,8 V	
Charge voltage 'float'	Default setting: 13,8 V / 27,6 V	
Charge algorithm	multi-stage adaptive	
Temperature compensation	-16 mV / °C resp. -32 mV / °C	
Protection	Battery reverse polarity (fuse) PV reverse polarity Output short circuit Over temperature	
Operating temperature	-30 to +60°C (full rated output up to 40°C)	
Humidity	95 %, non-condensing	
Data communication port	VE.Direct See the data communication white paper on our website	
	<b>ENCLOSURE</b>	
Colour	Blue (RAL 5012)	
Power terminals	13 mm <sup>2</sup> / AWG6	
Protection category	IP43 (electronic components), IP22 (connection area)	
Weight	1,25 kg	
Dimensions (h x w x d)	130 x 186 x 70 mm	
1a) If more PV power is connected, the controller will limit input power to 700W resp. 1400W		
1b) PV voltage must exceed Vbat + 5V for the controller to start.		
Thereafter minimum PV voltage is Vbat + 1V		